

EMBODIED CARBON EMISSIONS IN AUSTRALIA'S BUILT ENVIRONMENT

ISSUES PAPER PRODUCED BY:





Australian Government pepartment of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water







THE PROJECT



Figure 1. GBCA and thinkstep-anz (2021): Embodied Carbon and Embodied Energy in Australia's Buildings.

AUSTRALIAN SUSTAINABLE BUILT ENVIRONMENT COUNCIL







Scaling and deepening NABERS' work



Supporting the **supply chain** to deliver better products and services

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Supporting the **value chain** to deliver better design and construction outcomes



Adapted for the needs of different segments and sectors

BUILDING EMISSIONS IN AUSTRALIA



CARBON IN THE ASSET LIFECYCLE

The focus of the Issues Paper is **upfront embodied carbon (A1-A5).** This is aligned with the scope of the NABERS Embodied Carbon measurement methodology.







250 national, state and city regulations, policies and action plans from over 20 countries, including 104 regulatory instruments were reviewed.



34 sources were researched using a defined parameter set to extract critical information to inform Australia's directions for government and industry.



30 leading policy sources from 11 countries were analysed.



DECARBONISATION HIERARCHY



PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT STAGES

DECARBONISATION DILEMMAS













4. DEMAND



6. DETAIL

7. DELIVER



1. DIRECTION

Bringing lower-carbon construction to the mainstream

- Guiding industry towards decarbonisation
- Using the power of regulation to lift the bar
- Ensuring carbon-consciousness for all construction
- Using systems of measurement to verify outcomes
- Signalling that high-carbon assets are unacceptable
- Signalling that high-carbon products require transition
- Collaborating for success





1. DIRECTION

- 1.1 The Australian Building Codes Board (ABCB) should signal intent
- **1.2 Include upfront embodied carbon requirements in NCC**
- 1.3 Use planning policies to mandate and incentivise
- 1.4 Ensure regulation rules out greenwash
- 1.5 Support local government
- 1.6 Collaborate for success



2. DEVELOP

Building industry capacity to decarbonise

- A skilled and growing workforce
- → Educational resources and platforms
- Support for developing industry capacity to deliver





2.1 Start developing capacity

2.2 Fund free learning content

2.3 Include the entire value chain

2.4 Adapt existing content

2.5 Train practitioners to develop EPDs



3. DISCLOSE

Methods, data and reporting

- Consistent measurement
 framework
- Credible and comparable data for products and materials
- Reporting that supports progress and decision making
- → Understanding trade-offs





3. DISCLOSE

3.1 Develop standard national methods for reporting

3.2 Support EPD development

3.3 Fund and host a national database for approved product carbon footprint data

3.4 Standardise bills of quantities



4. DEMAND

Clarity, consistency and confidence

- Clear signals to drive segment (e.g. commercial, residential, infrastructure) and supply chain response
- Consistent demand which builds the business case for change
- Confidence to specify and use lower-carbon products





4.1 Share risk and opportunity

4.2 Establish a model for specifying low-carbon assets and products on projects

4.3 Ensure specified products are installed on site

4.4 Set up materials carbon scheme for detached residential 4.5 Explore the emerging MECLA pledge

4.6 Use the C40 Cities Clean Construction Commitments

4.7 Set up small-scale incentive schemes

4.8 Develop financial and fiscal incentives to support transition



5. DESIGN

The best decisions from concept to completion

- Apply the full
 decarbonisation hierarchy
- Start at concept. Question everything
- > Whole-design process through project
- Optimisation of carbon impacts
- > Carbon-conscious optioneering



5. DESIGN

POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS



5.1 Start early

5.2 Design solutions before product choices

5.3 Build less, build smarter

5.4 Re-model value engineering

5.5 Incentivise new solutions



6. DETAIL

The best product options

- → Best product options are known, trusted and available
- → Industry is working to create better options
 - → Decarbonise manufacturing
 - New lower-carbon product offerings
 - More reused products and recycled content
 - → **Prefabrication and modularisation**
 - → Lower-carbon construction methods
 - Designing out waste
- Standards support adoption of new products
- → Products have third party-verified carbon data



We need your input!

6.1 Make NABERS requirements for product carbon data the norm

6.2 Support EPD development

6.3 Support startups and SMEs with product compliance

6.4 Support products from hardto-abate industries to transition

6.5 Proof-test new products at larger scale

6.6 Continue electrification of product manufacturing with renewable energy

6.7 Investigate prefabrication and modularisation

6.8 Increase fossil fuel-free construction

6.9 Increase product stewardship

6.10 Speed-up updating of performance-based requirements

6.11 Collaborate early across the whole value chain



7. DELIVER

Delivering lowercarbon assets

- Lower-carbon projects planned and delivered
- Project processes support lower-carbon outcomes
- → Contribute through pilots and developing case studies
- → Government and industry both responsible





7.1 Make lower-carbon construction more visible

7.2 Mandate to expect and reward decarbonisation

7.3 Apply the new NABERS Embodied Carbon tool for buildings

7.4 Create a library of case studies

7.5 Consider adoption of carbon value

What are we hearing?





Thank you

